



WINNING THE WEST



In addition, huge tracts of grazing land were opened up where cowmen could move in and be sure of finding sufficient feed for their ever-increasing beef herds.

The stagecoaches and then the railroad brought new hordes of settlers who further reduced the rapidly vanishing buffalo. With each mile of rails, new frontiers were opened to ranchers who found a market in the east for their cattle.

Cities could not have sprung up without the continuous stream of supplies which poured into the west over the gleam-





































































































BUCK THE COLNCILS VOTING TO APPOINT A TOWN MASSIANT RISHT NOW! I SUBMITTED YOUR NAME AS A CANDIDATE OR YOU MAD?

SIL ACCOUNT IN NECESSARY BUT ID RATHER WORK UNDER COVER!











































































































































































COVER ME, SAGE!
I'M CUTTIN THE GUIDE
LINE TO THIS SCOW!























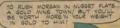
























































































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Soon the level grassy plains were dotted with grazing herds of longhorns—the rangy, tough cattle whose origin had been in the grid regions to the south. No other breed could have withstood the long drives, poor feed and violent storms which were necessary to reach the fertile plains. These half-wild brutes were well-suited to be the cattle pioneers of their day-they were as self-sufficient and



growing number of small-scale ranches, farsighted cattle barons saw the impossibility of

ranging their original, immense herds across lands which were already being cut up into small farms. Previously-free grazing land was fast being criss-crossed by borb wire fences.

So they reduced the size of their herds and began to improve the quality of the beef-since they were now primarily interested in weight rather than numbers in their herds.

Importing corn-fed stock from the east, they crossed it with their own longhorned variety. Partly then through trial and error, and partly through good "cow sense" and selective breeding, they achieved the first of the heavy, hardy, short horns. These were the cattle which provided the basis for many of the thriving herds which even now furnish



